# Data thinking for high-performance projects

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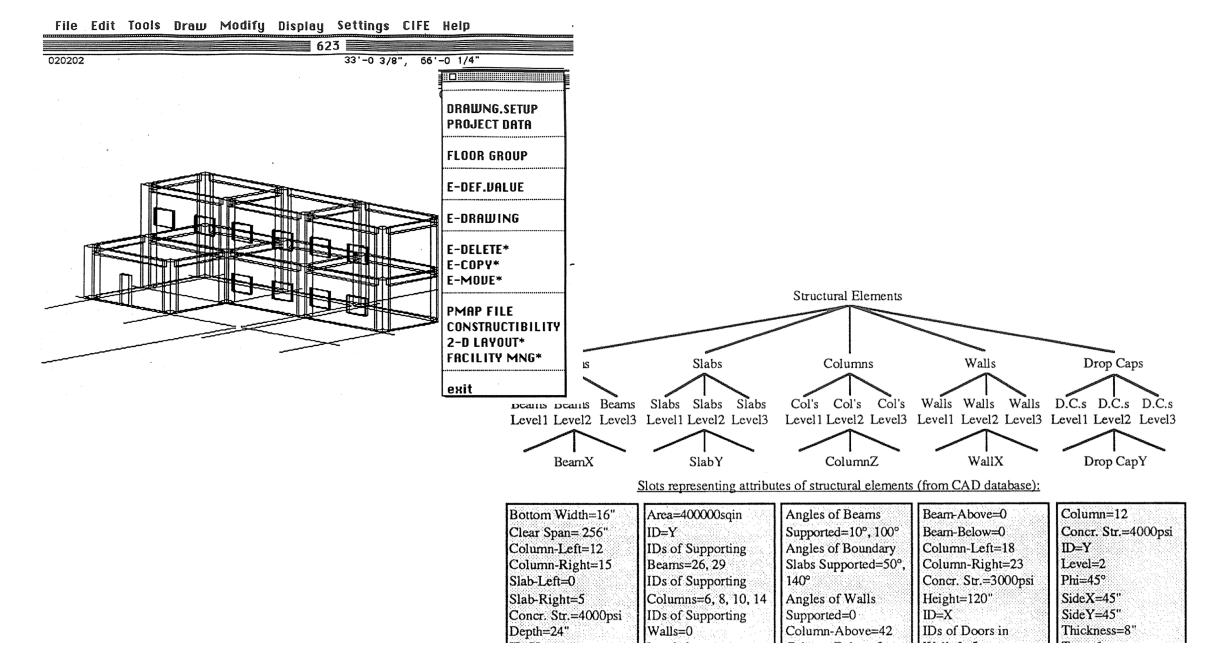




#### **Expert Systems**

- Apply existing knowledge broadly and consistently
  - Guide
  - Check
  - Critique
- Bidding advisor
- Bridge type advisor
- •







#### Model-based reasoning

- Connect knowledge across project phases and disciplines
- Expanding from 3D to 4D models
- Considering more and more criteria



#### Adding simulation

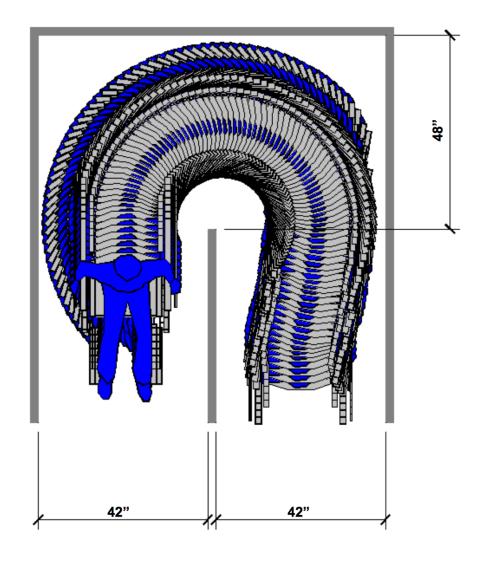
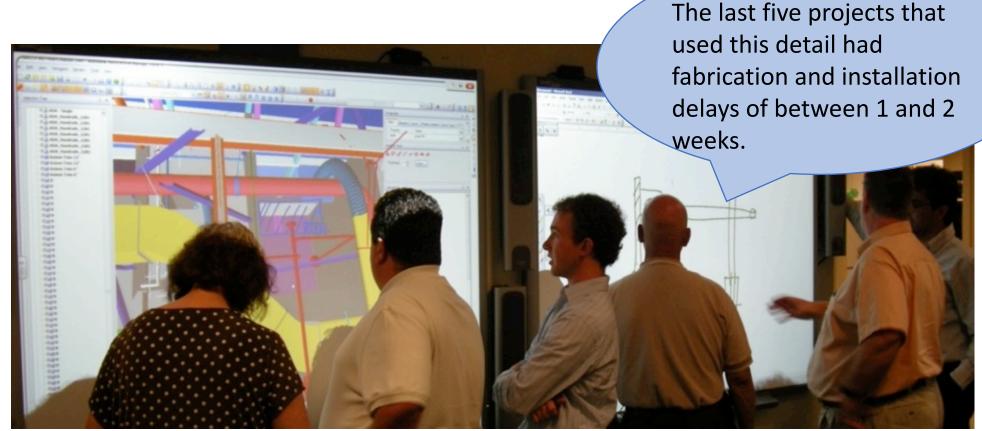


Figure 4.22: Motion-planning results for the second ADAAG 4.3.3 exception,  $r_1 = 24$ ".

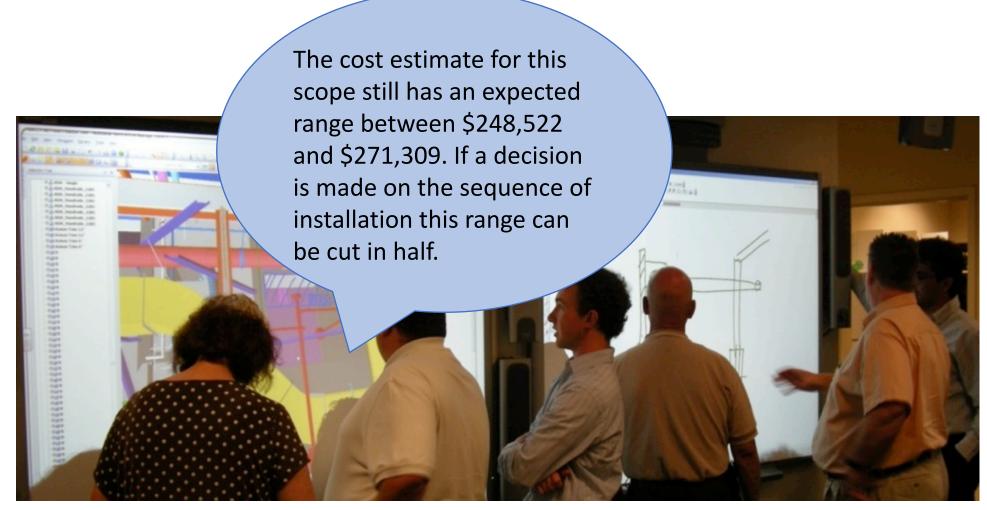
#### Today: Finding new insights and knowledge

• We now have data!





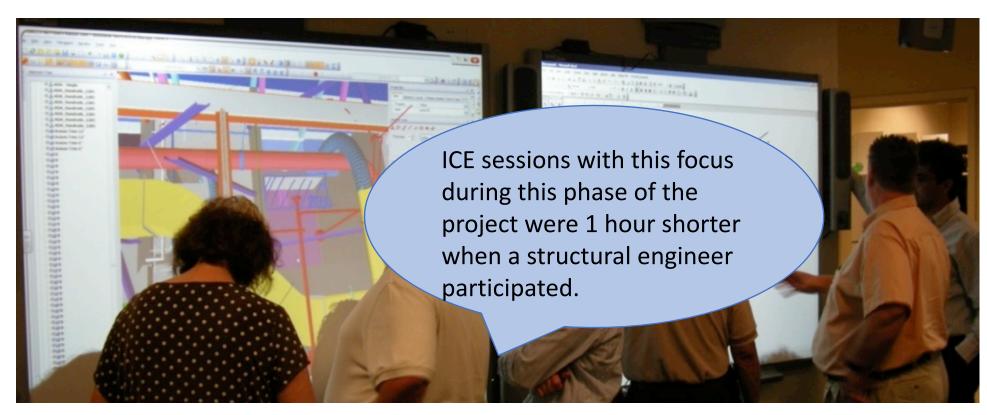




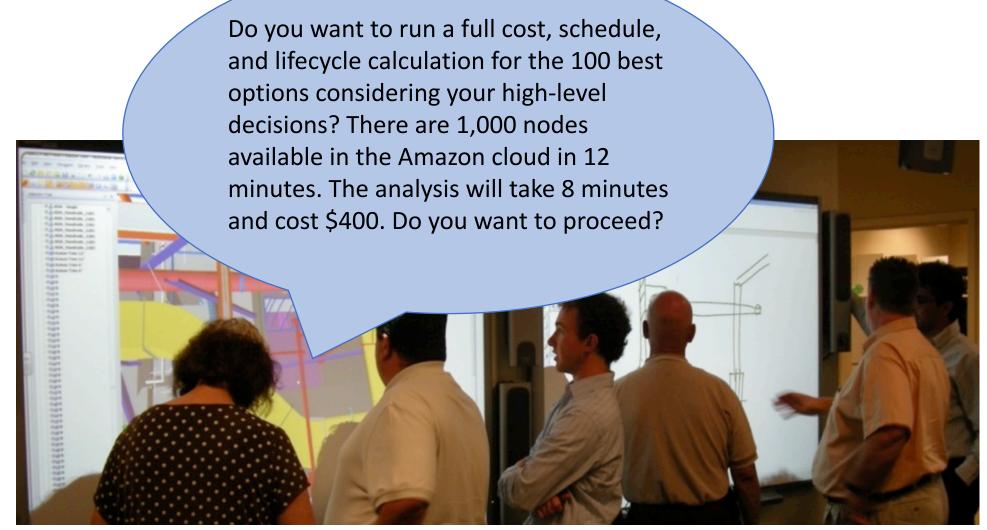




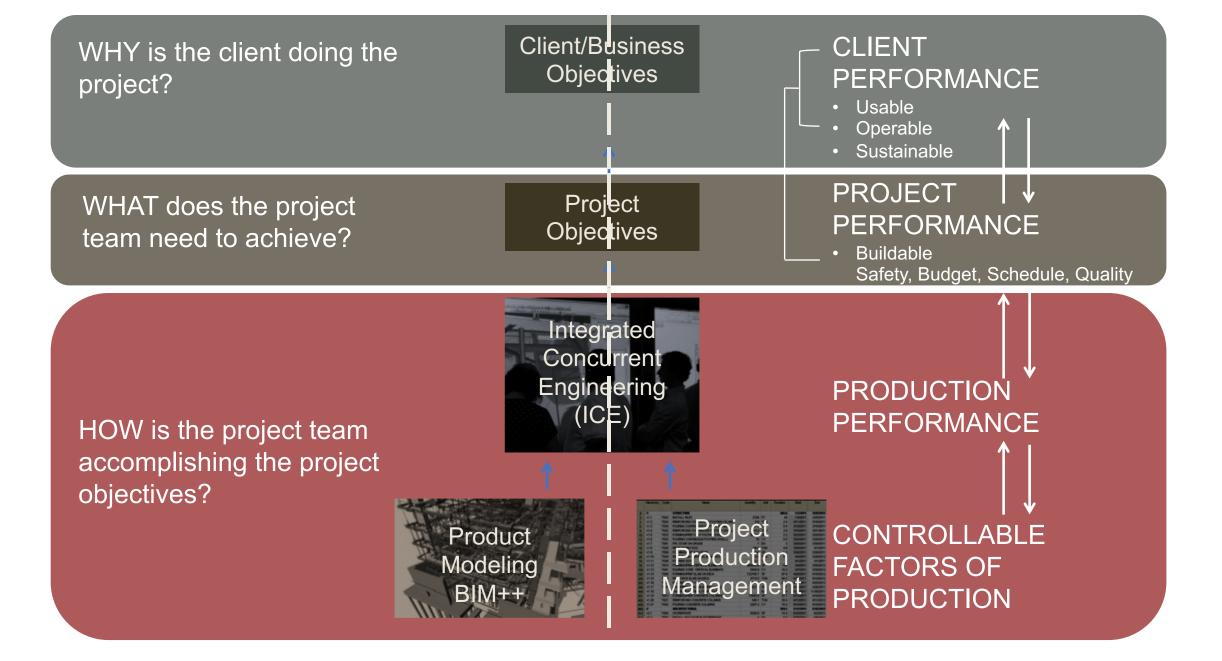








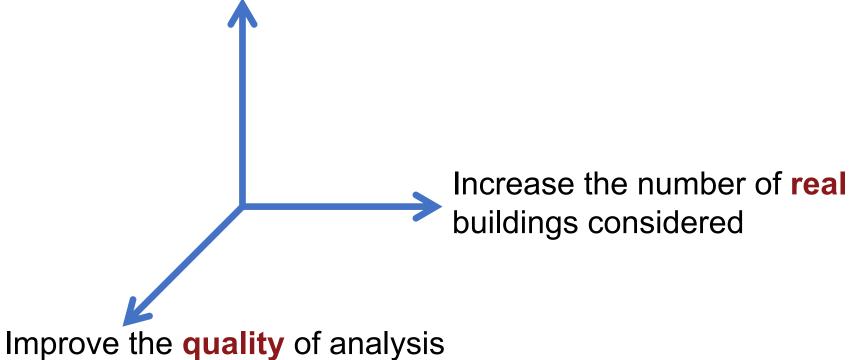






#### There are three ways to improve your predictions

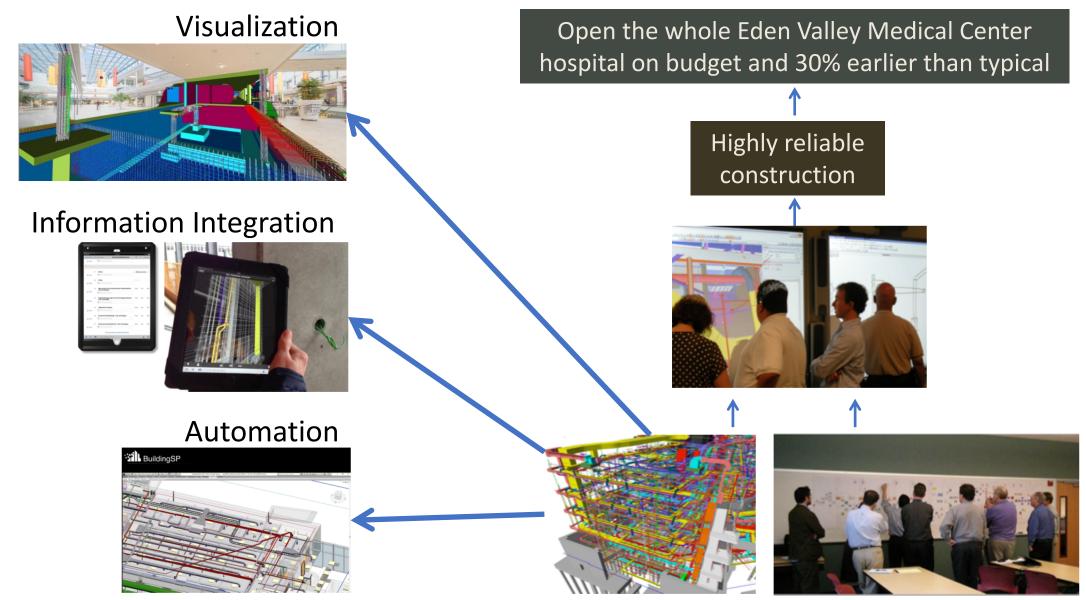
Increase the number of **virtual** buildings or design options considered



Improve the **quality** of analysis and simulation **models** 



#### How will you leverage 3D and other data in 2019, etc.?





### Two main applications of Al

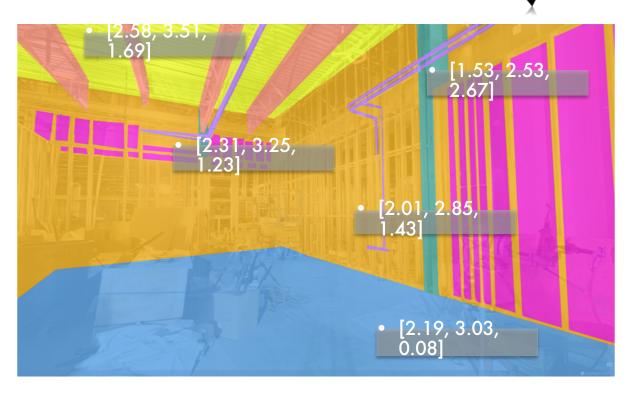
Do what you already know how to do automatically. Do something new.

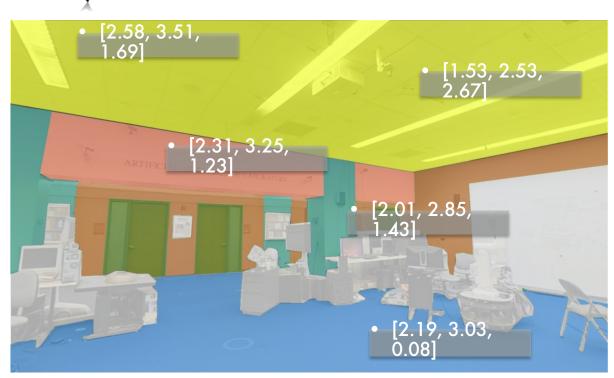


#### Automatically generating a BIM from a laser scan

Where is it?

What is it?





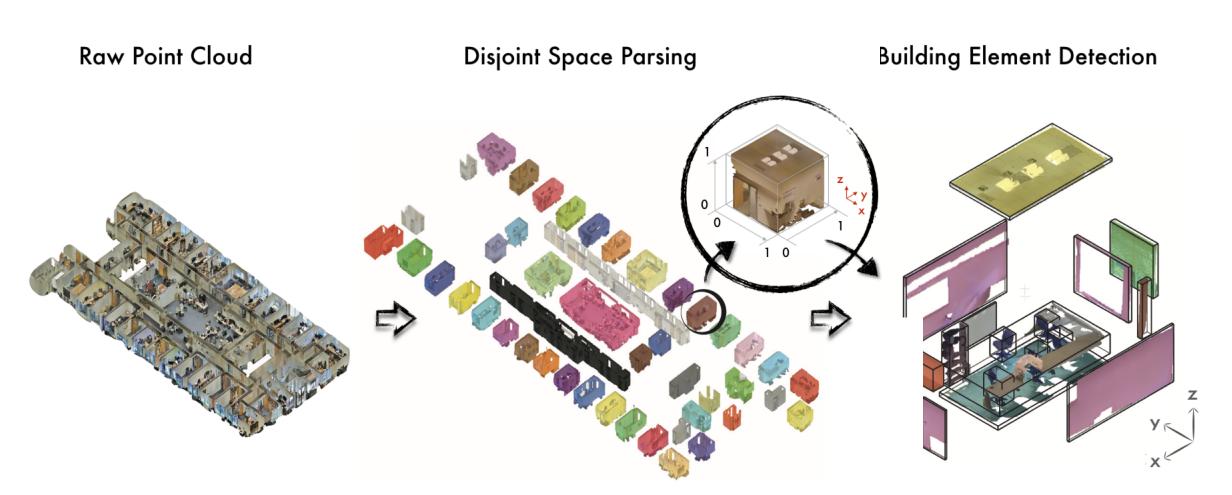
construction

post - occupancy

Semantic Building Parser Research
With Silvio Savarese, Iro Armeni, Amir Zamir, buildingparser.stanford.edu



### Making BIM for Existing Buildings Affordable





### **Automatically Generated Space Statistics**



#### **Ceiling**

Total Area: 667.67 m2



Total Number: 42

Total Area: 479.5 m2



#### **Chairs**

Total Number: 106

#### Floor

Total Area: 639.36 m2



Table

Total Number: 45

#### Columns

Total Number: 39



What are tasks you know how to do (or results you know how to get) that you would like to do (get) automatically and consistently?

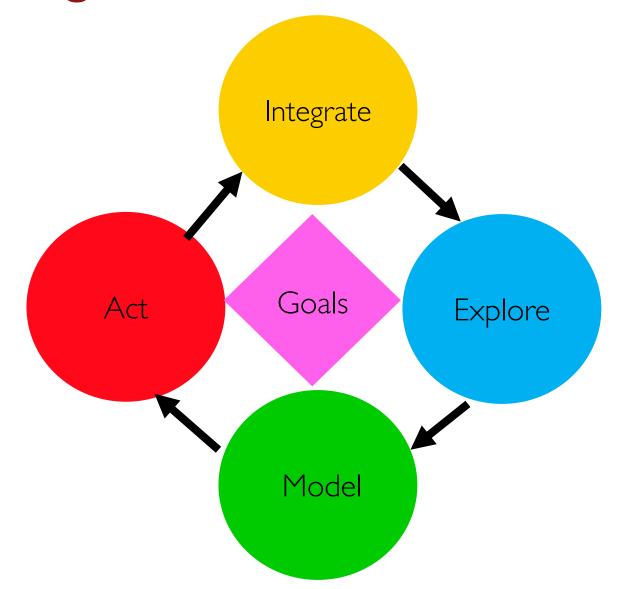


#### Data-driven Organizations



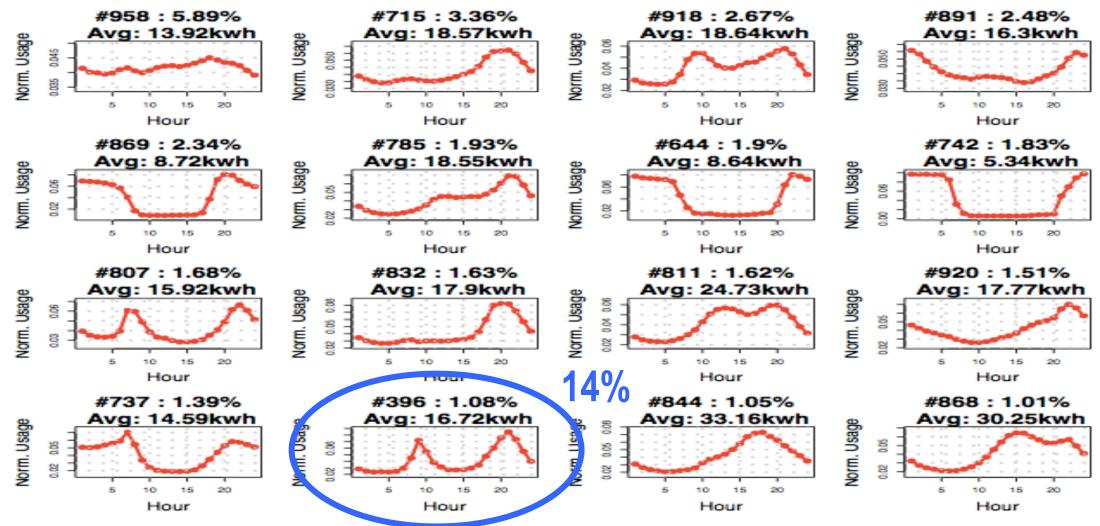


### Data Thinking





#### Consumption Patterns



Household Energy Consumption Segmentation Using Hourly Data, J. Kwac, J. Flora and R. Rajagopal, IEEE Trans. Smart Grid, 5:1, pp 420-430, 2014.

Three key ingredients:

Machine learning methods

Good data

Good questions



What are questions you can't get answered today you would like to get answered?



What data do you have or could you get?

Challenges in having good data?



### In summary, use data science methods to

 Do what you know how to do (and still have to do) more quickly and more consistently

Start doing things you can't do today

- Identify the most relevant questions for you
- -> Collect necessary data and make sure that it's good data
- > Apply machine learning methods
- $\rightarrow$  Act



#### The Business Perspective

"The automated execution of processes changes everything." (Alan Perlis, 1961)

#### The Scientific Perspective

"Science is knowledge which we understand so well that we can teach it to a computer; and if we don't fully understand something, it is an art to deal with it. Since the notion of an algorithm or a computer program provides us with an extremely useful test for the depth of our knowledge about any given subject, the process of going from an art to a science means that we learn how to automate something."

(Donald Knuth, Computer Programming as an Art, CACM, Dec. 1974)

